

Looking Beyond the Internet

## **The Rise of Software Defined Infrastructure**

SwitchOn Workshop – Brazil / US at FIU

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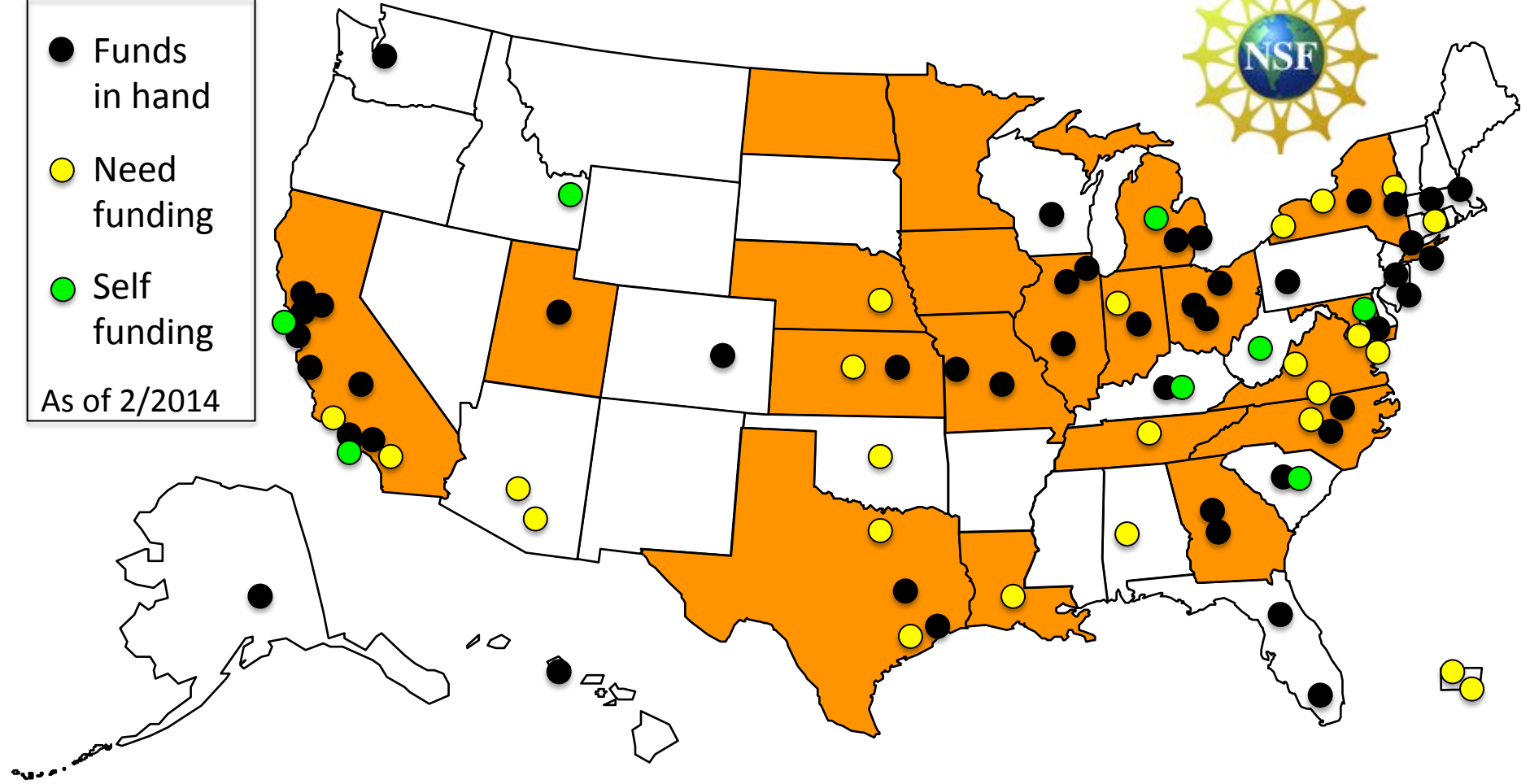
# My thesis

- SDN is just an opening act
- A major transformation of the Internet has begun
- We can now catch glimpses of what lies beyond
- We can get there by a series of step by step actions

# Where I am coming from - GENI



- Funds in hand
  - Need funding
  - Self funding
- As of 2/2014

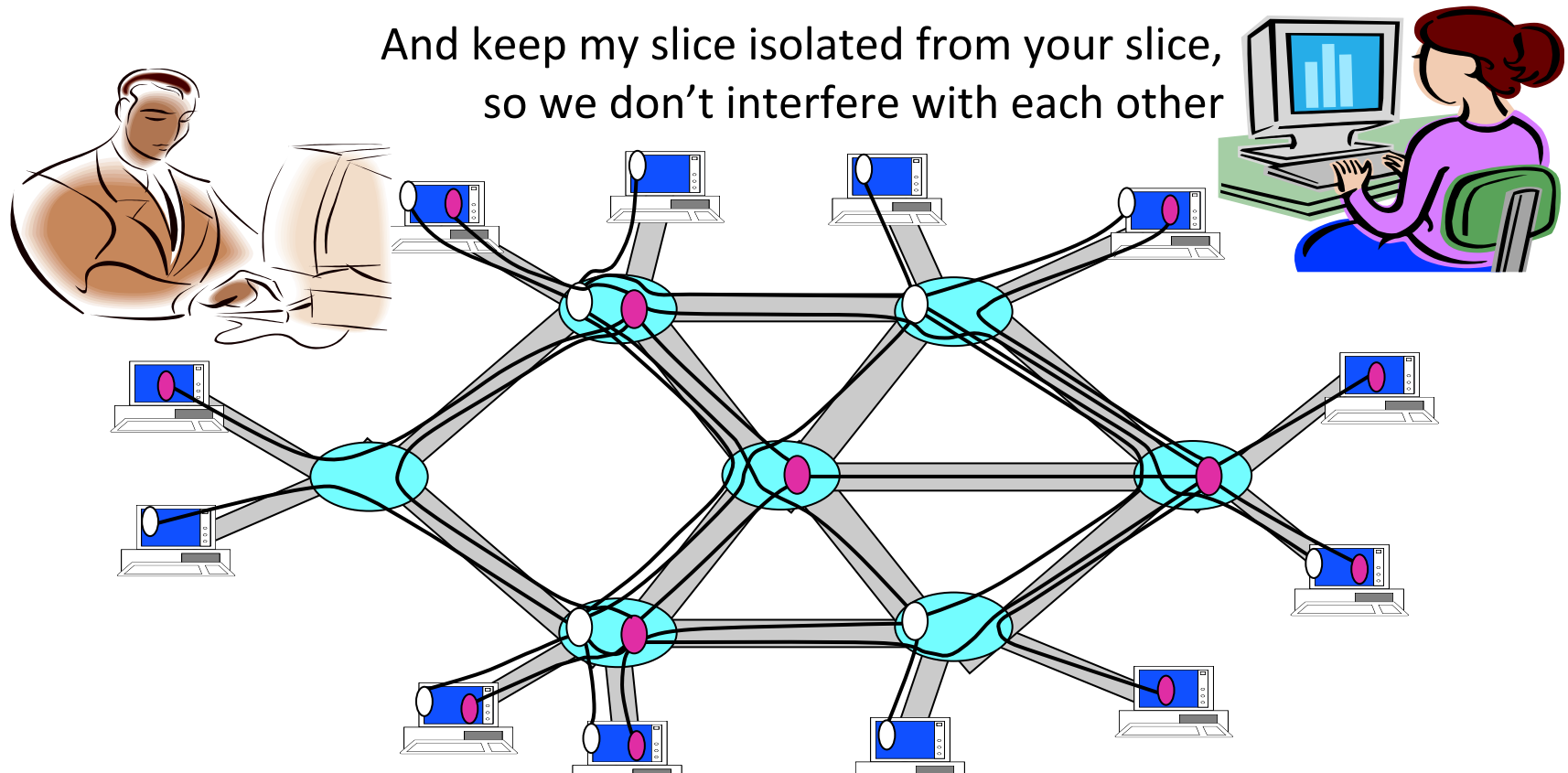


We're building out GENI through universities across the US

# Slices and deep programmability

Install the software I want *throughout* my network slice  
(into firewalls, routers, clouds, ...)

And keep my slice isolated from your slice,  
so we don't interfere with each other



We can run many different “future internets” in parallel

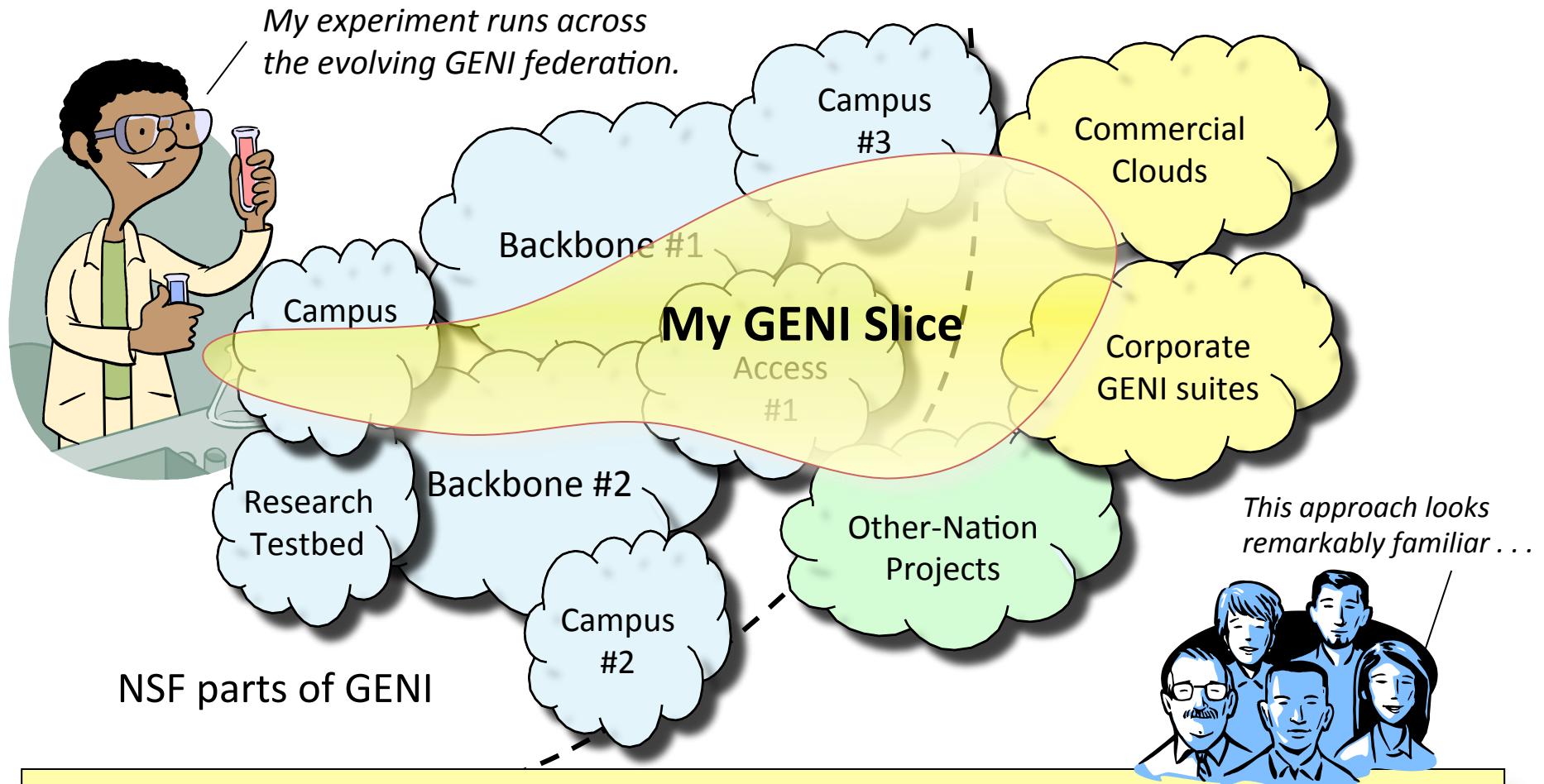
# Agile, deeply programmable infrastructure

- Emerging technologies that enable coherent network / processor / storage virtualization provide a great basis for agile cyber infrastructure.



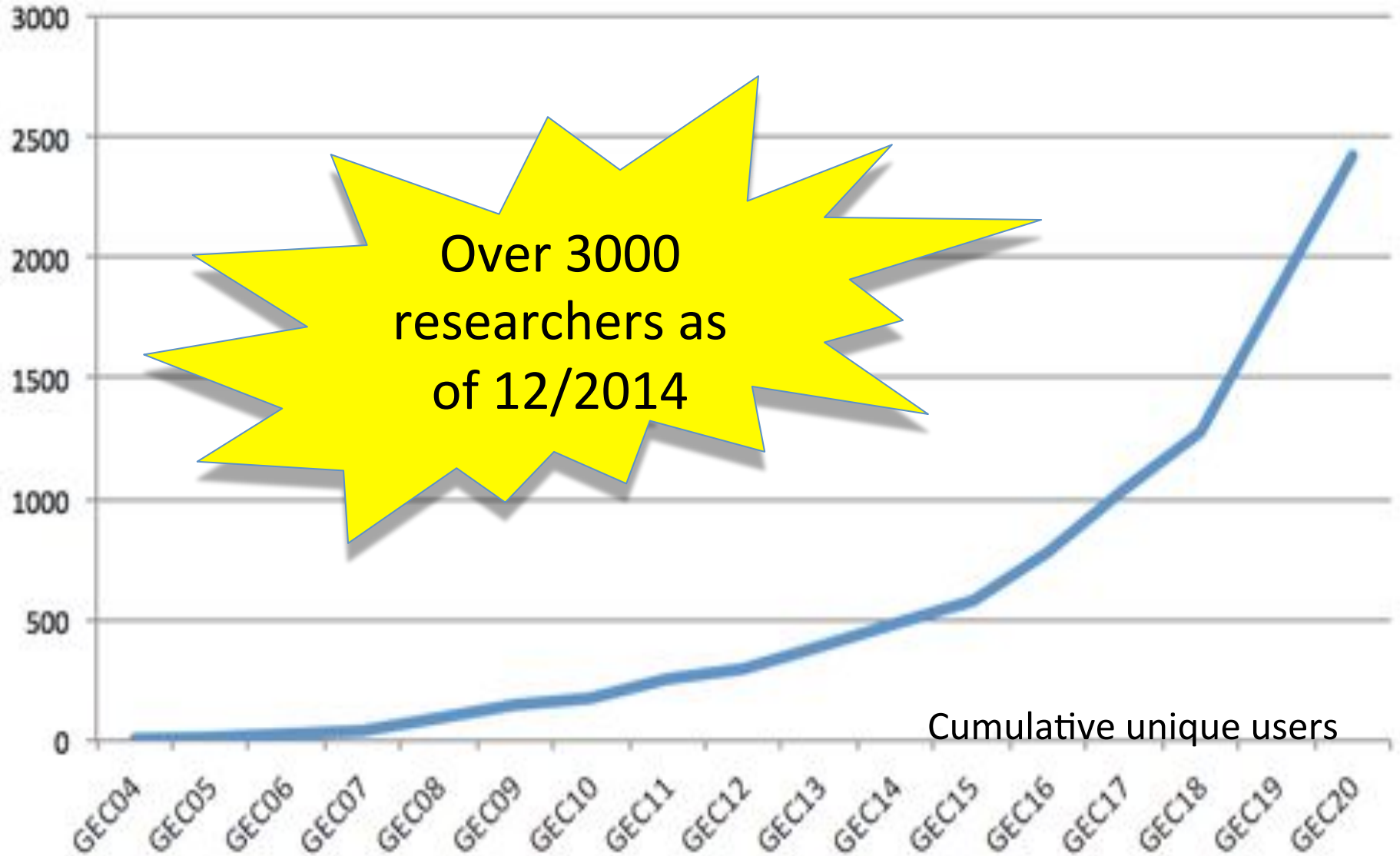
GENI Rack – OpenFlow switch with sliced compute and storage

# Slices span many organizational boundaries

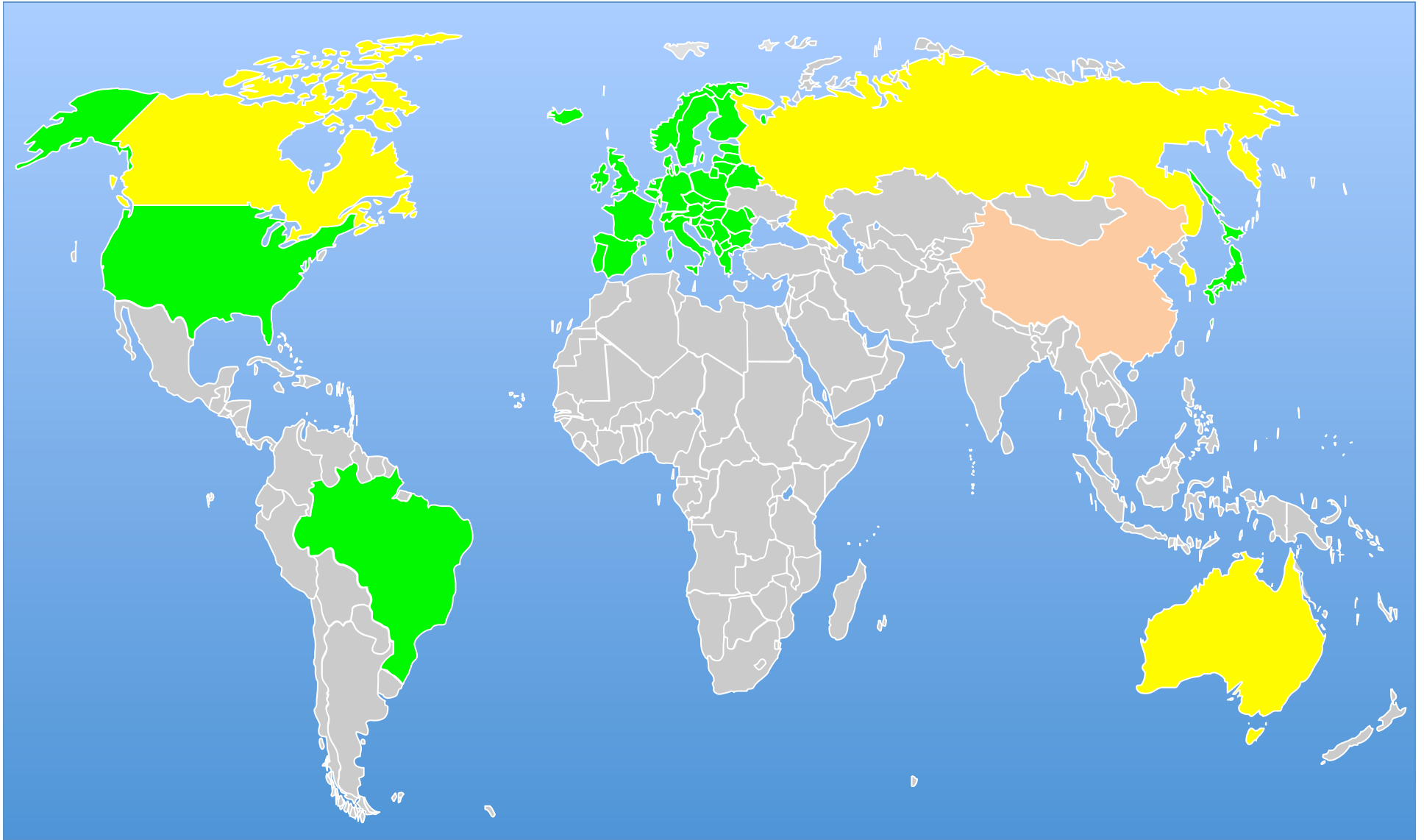


Goals: avoid technology “lock in,” add new technologies as they mature, and potentially grow quickly by incorporating existing infrastructure into the overall “GENI ecosystem”

# And it works! GENI is seeing heavy use



# Macro-scale: the Rise of Global Interoperability





*And now just starting up* - **NSFCloud**

CloudLab

Chameleon



Rob Ricci



Kate Keahey

# CloudLab

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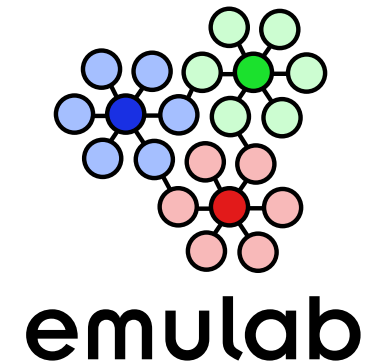
# The CloudLab Vision

- A “meta-cloud” for building clouds
- Build your own cloud on our hardware resources
- Agnostic to specific cloud software
  - Run existing cloud software stacks (like OpenStack, Hadoop, etc.)
  - ... or new ones built from the ground up
- Control and visibility all the way to the bare metal
- “Sliceable” for multiple, isolated experiments at once

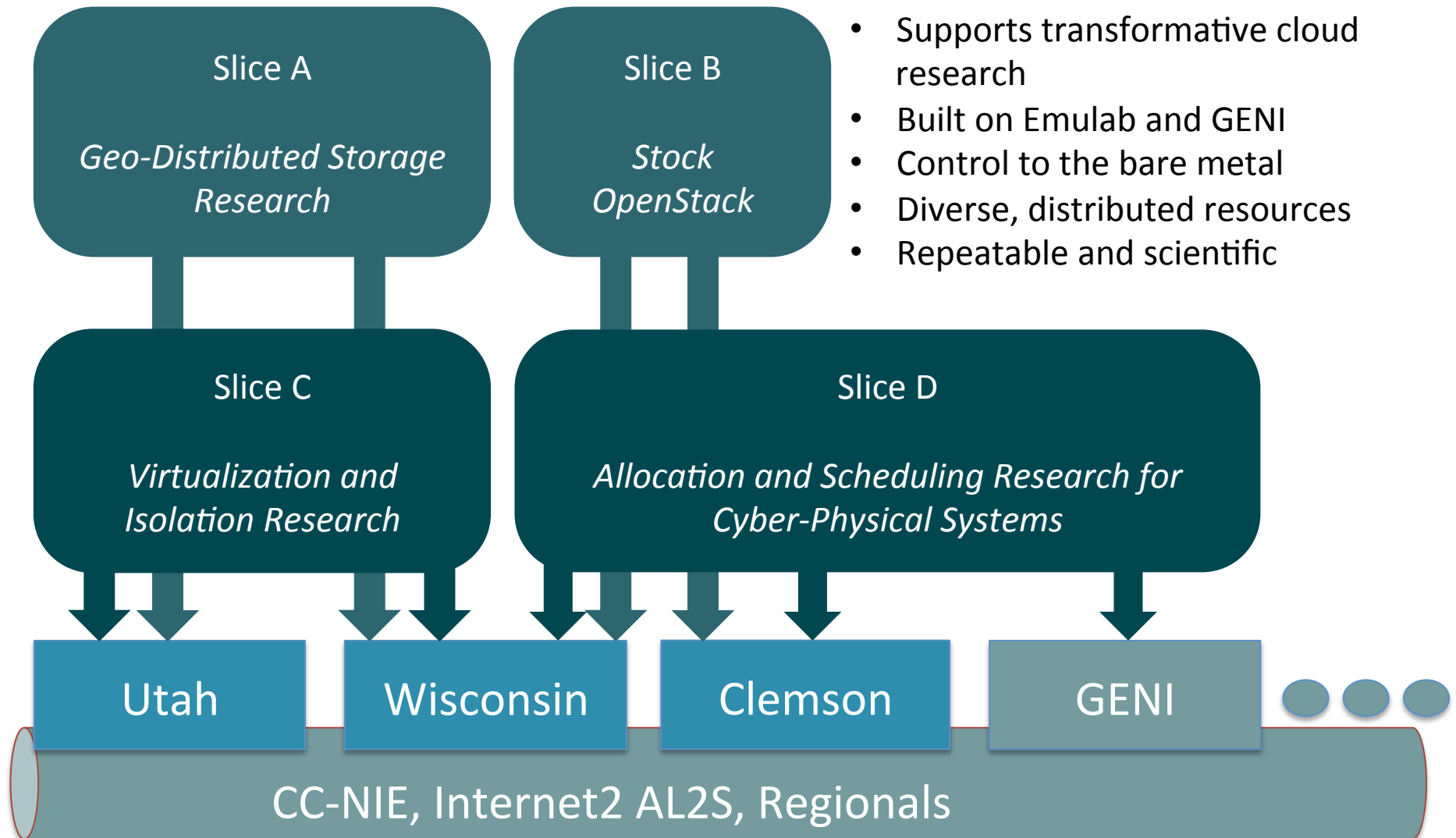
With CloudLab, it will be as easy to get a cloud tomorrow as it is to get a VM today

# Federated with GENI

- *CloudLab can be used with a GENI account, and vice-versa*
- GENI Racks: ~ 50 small clusters around the country
- Programmable wide-area network
  - Openflow at dozens of sites
  - Connected in one layer 2 domain
- Large clusters (100s of nodes) at several sites
- Wireless and mobile
  - WiMax at 8 institutions
  - LTE / EPC testbed (“PhantomNet”) at Utah
- International partners
  - Europe (FIRE), Brazil, Japan



# What Is CloudLab?



# CloudLab's Hardware

One facility, one account, three locations

- About 5,000 cores each (15,000 total)
- 8-16 cores per node
- Baseline: 4GB RAM / core
- Latest virtualization hardware
- TOR / Core switching design
- 10 Gb to nodes, SDN
- 100 Gb to Internet2 AL2S
- *Partnerships with multiple vendors*

## Wisconsin

- **Storage and net.**
- Per node:
  - 128 GB RAM
  - 2x1TB Disk
  - 400 GB SSD
- Clos topology
- *Cisco*

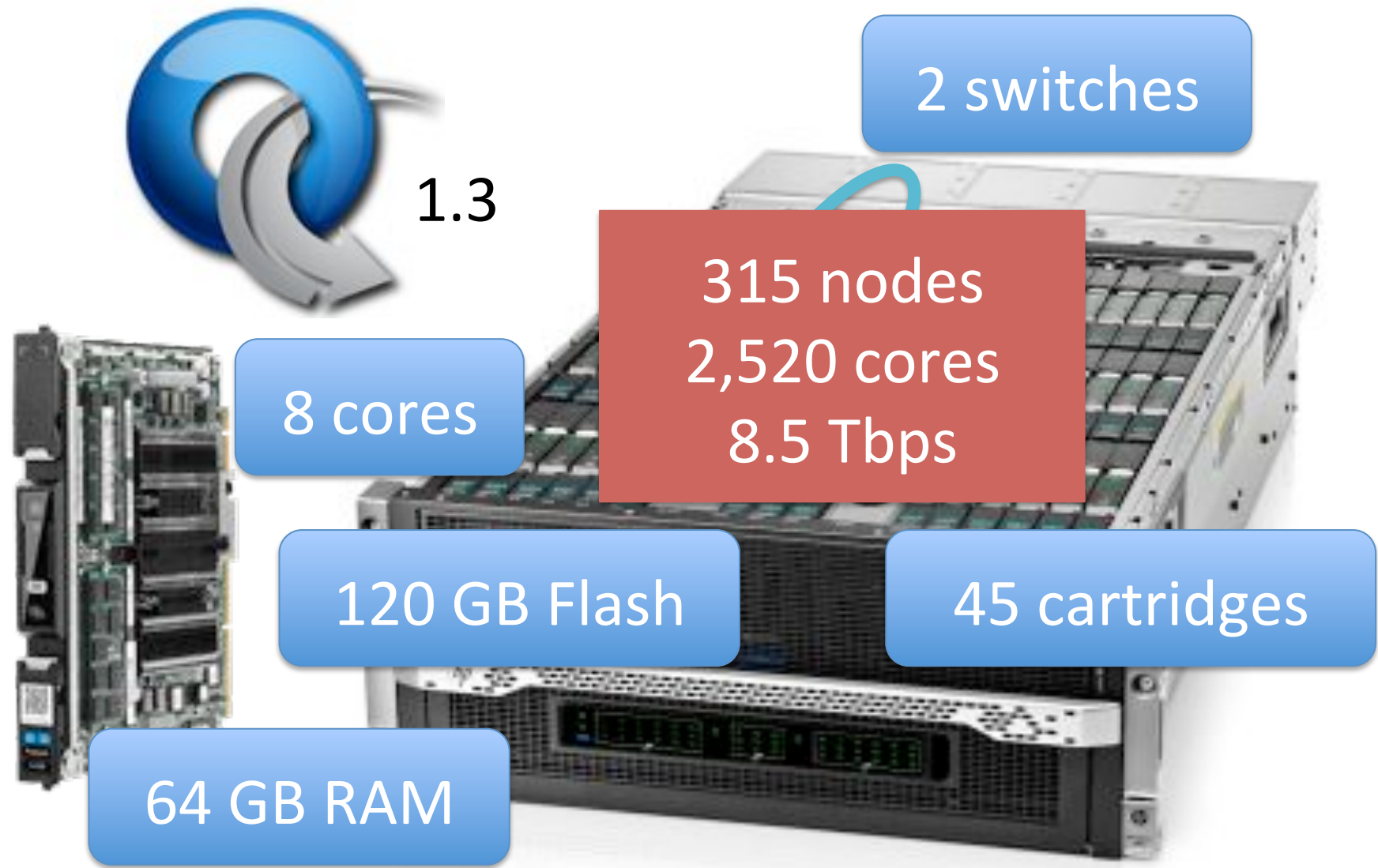
## Clemson

- **High-memory**
- 16 GB RAM / core
- 16 cores / node
- Bulk block store
- Net. up to 40Gb
- High capacity
- *Dell*

## Utah

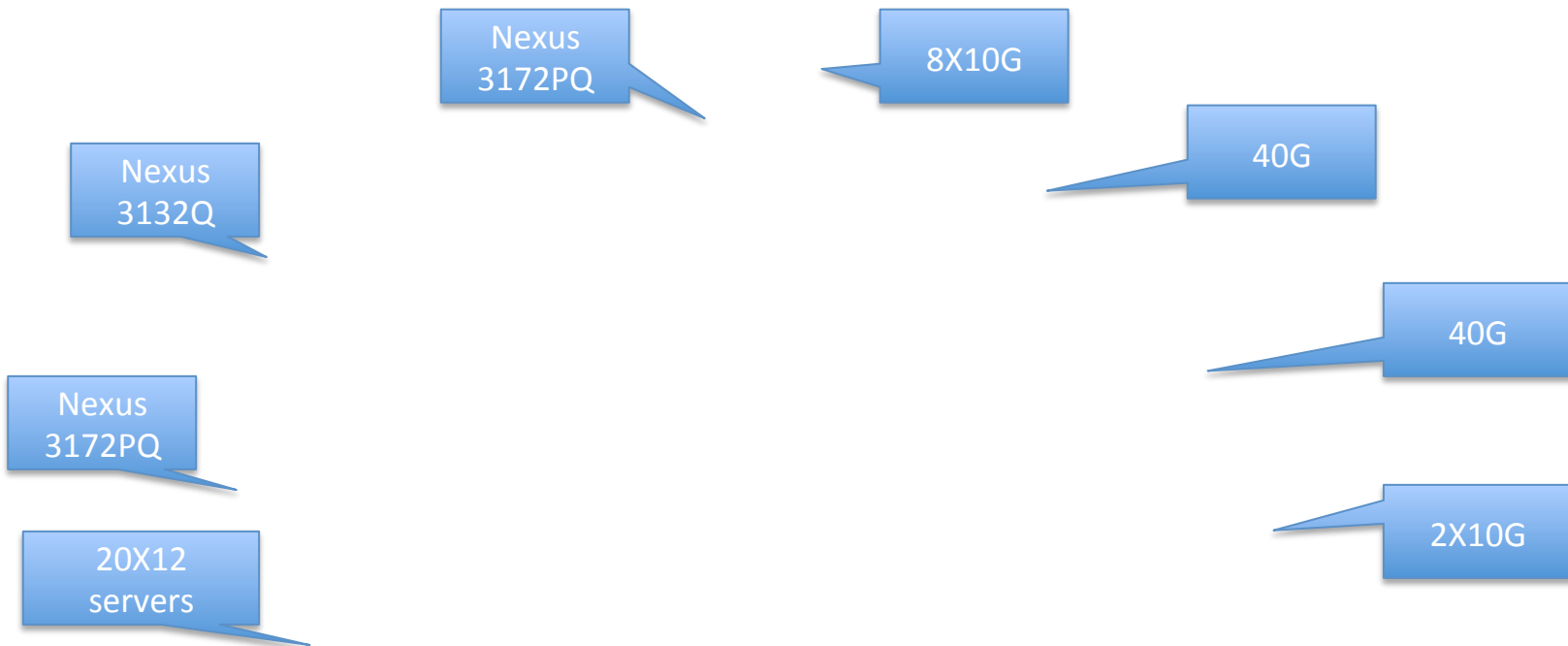
- **Power-efficient**
- ARM64 / x86
- Power monitors
- Flash on ARM64s
- Disk on x86
- Very dense
- *HP*

# Utah/HP: Low-power ARM64





# Wisconsin/Cisco



## Clemson/Dell: High Memory, IB

20 cores/node

1 x 40 Gb IB/node

8 nodes/chassis

2\*x 10 GbE OF/node

10 chassis/rack

2\*x 1 GbE OF/node



256 GB RAM/node

2 x 1 TB drive/server

\* 1 NIC in 1<sup>st</sup> build

Use your GENI account  
or sign up now at CloudLab.us



The image shows a screenshot of the CloudLab website homepage. The browser's address bar displays "cloudlab.us". The navigation menu includes links for "Availability", "Team", "Contact", "Technology", "Hardware", "Press", "AUP", and a green "Log In" button. The main heading "CloudLab" features a stylized flask icon where the letter 'o' is replaced by a flask containing clouds. Below the heading, a paragraph describes CloudLab as flexible scientific infrastructure for research on the future of cloud computing. At the bottom, there is a "Sign up for news" button and an email input field containing "you@example.com".

cloudlab.us

Availability Team Contact Technology Hardware Press AUP Log In

# CloudLab

CloudLab is flexible, scientific infrastructure for research on the future of cloud computing. Researchers come to CloudLab to build their own clouds, experimenting with new architectures that will form the basis for the next generation of the world's computing platforms.

Sign up for news

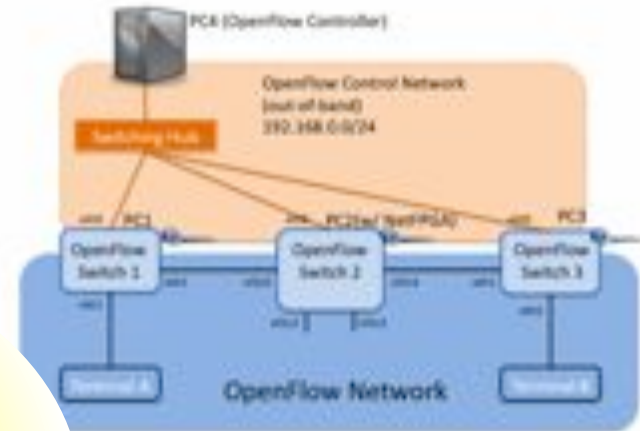
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# Major trends are converging

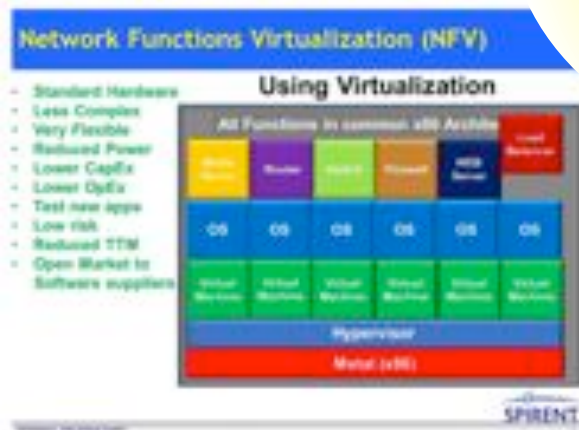


Multi-tenant Datacenters



Software Defined Networks

## Software Defined Infrastructure



Network Functions Virtualization (NFV)



Distributed Datacenters

# Driving the transformation - A radical change in “router” economics

Economics now favor pervasive computation and storage



## ARPANET Imp (1969)

1 core, clock ~ 1.1 MHz  
64 Kbytes RAM  
No disk

**Today's cost: ~ \$650,000**

## Commodity GENI rack

Each 1U=  
32 cores, 2.1 GHz  
16 Gbyte, 4 Tbyte

**Today's cost: \$200,000**  
for full rack (50 x 1U)



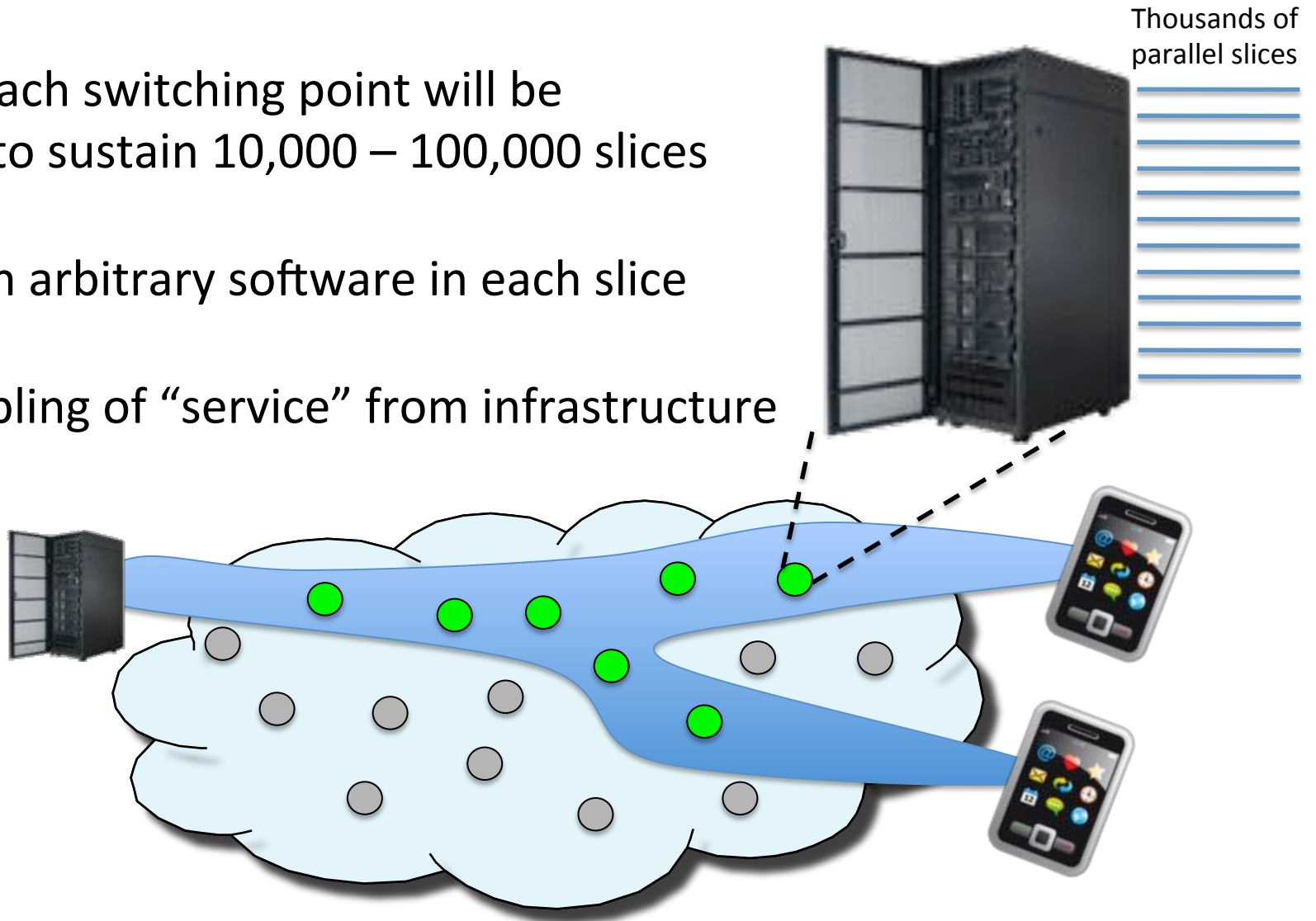
Disk + controller (IBM 1302)  
**Today's cost: ~ \$2,545,000**

Disks were too expensive in 1969

1/3 the IMP's price, but  
with 1500 cores and 200  
Tbytes of local storage

# Instantiating services into slices

- Soon each switching point will be able to sustain 10,000 – 100,000 slices
- Can run arbitrary software in each slice
- Decoupling of “service” from infrastructure

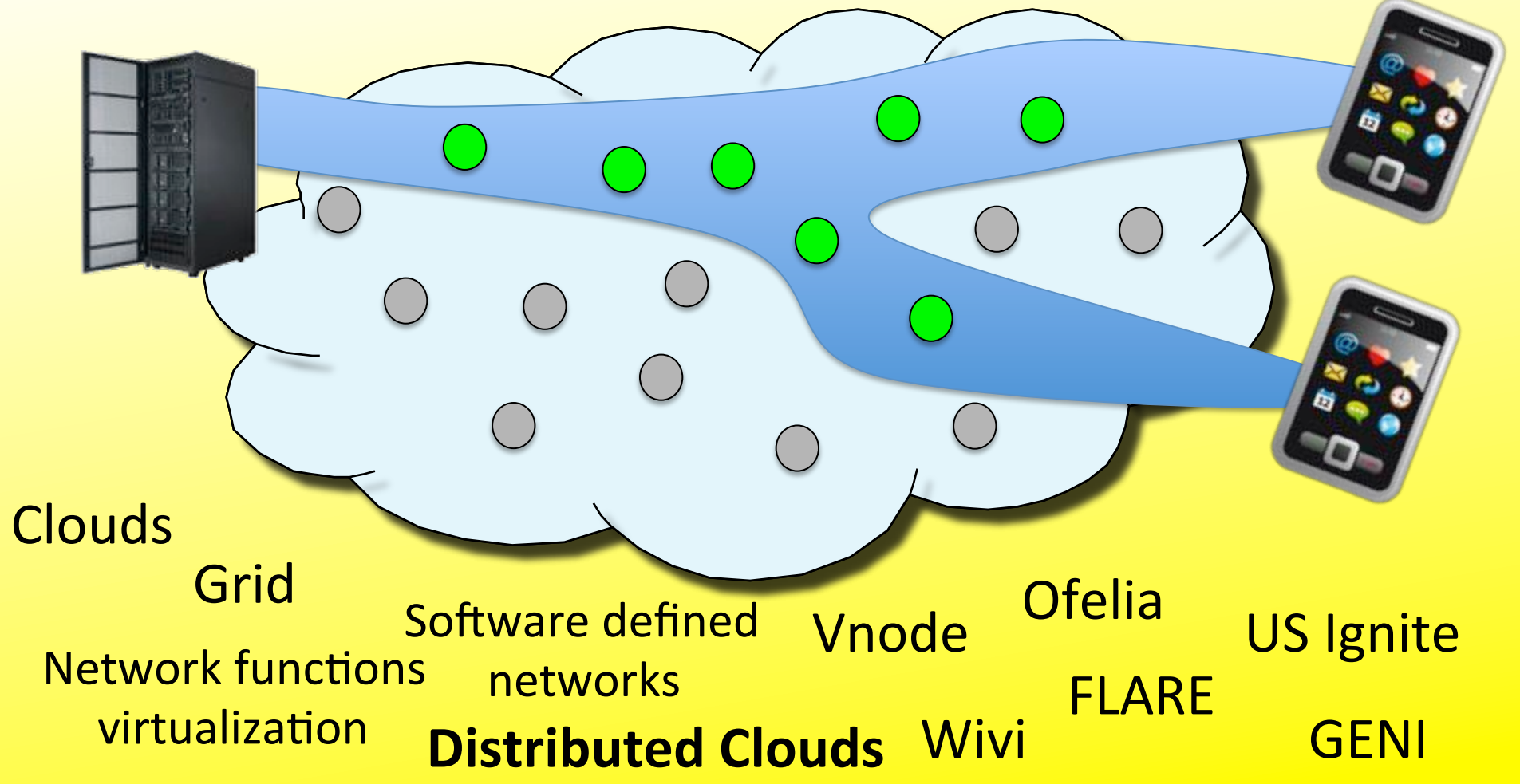


# Software Defined Infrastructure

## We're all heading to the same place

Rapidly create entire "sliced" cyberinfrastructure / networks on demand

Fast spin new protocols, switching strategies, virtual machines



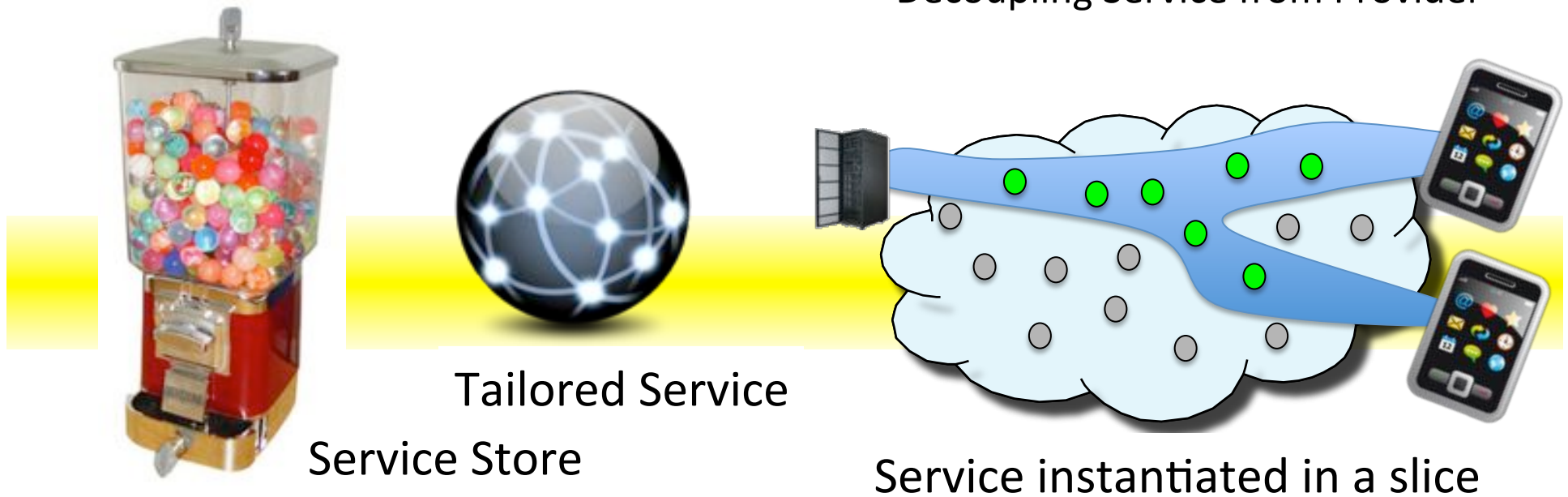


# The Rise of the “Service Store”

- “Drag and drop” Services
- Like an App Store . . .
- . . . that instantiates end-to-end Services



Decoupling Service from Provider



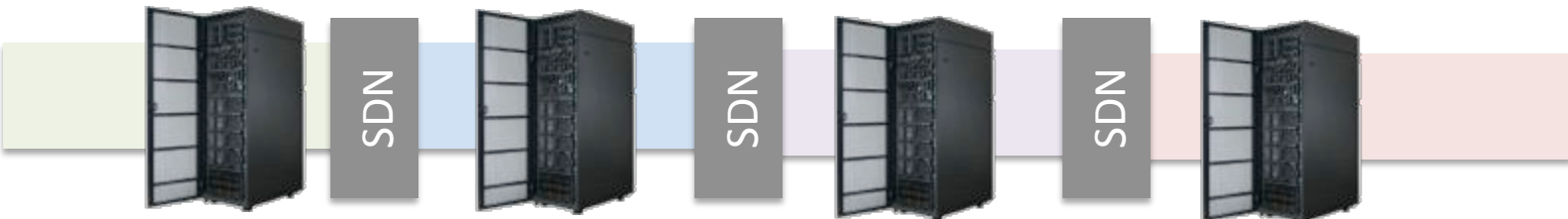
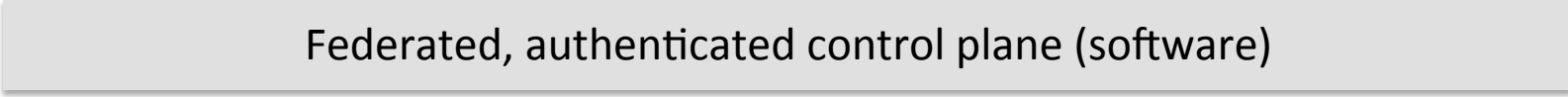
# Software Defined Infrastructure

## Looking beyond the Internet

SDI apps



Software Defined Infra.



Multiple, federated sites with interconnected Software Defined Infrastructure

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# Where we are today – single-owner “islands”

Primary benefits right now: reduce cost, improve manageability

- Datacenters / clouds
- Experiments with enterprise / campus nets
- Wireless (cellular etc)



Early multi-domain SDN systems include Google and NTT – each datacenter is an SDN island, with a separate SDN WAN interconnecting them

(all same owner, though; no peering)

# Necessary steps from today to SDI

- Step 1. Interconnect SDN islands
- Step 2. Make the network fully sliceable
- Step 3. Build out pervasive compute & storage

# Step 1. Interconnect islands

SDN Workshop – Dec. 2013, Washington, DC



Inder Monga  
ESnet Chief Technologist  
Looking Beyond the Internet



About 100 networking experts from academia,  
industry, national labs and federal agencies  
Chip Elliott <celliott@bbn.com>

# SDN Workshop – Key themes (1)

- Software-Defined Networking (SDN) is understood as the entire distributed infrastructure needed for next-generation commercial and/or scientific applications – i.e., **closely integrated compute, storage, and networks.**
- SDN technology has the potential and momentum to provide **game changing innovation to the entire Internet eco-system.**
- Using SDN technology, we can now envision (and in practical terms, create) **scientific “instruments on demand” or app-specific “infrastructure on demand” across multiple networks (multi-domain),** on a worldwide scale.

## SDN Workshop – Key themes (2)

- The time is right for deploying prototype operational, multi-domain SDNs.
- The focus of initial SDN deployments should include **Software-Defined Exchanges (SDXs)** to enable interoperability, co-designed in close collaboration with US industry.
- These efforts should actively **engage key scientific instruments and next-generation applications as design and prototyping partners.**
- A vigorous and sustained research program should investigate the **security implications** of multi-domain/multi-layer SDNs.



# Conclusions

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